

THINK AGAIN

Why Good Leaders Make Bad Decisions and How to Keep It From Happening to You

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The Web site for this book is at www.thinkagain-book.com.

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MAIN IDEA

Even smart and highly experienced leaders can sometimes make appallingly bad decisions which have catastrophic consequences for their organizations. When you analyze what's going on, you'll find there are four conditions under which flawed thinking on the part of leaders is likely to happen:

- 1. When leaders have misleading experiences which seem similar to the current situation but in reality are not.
- 2. When leaders have made previous decisions which they incorrectly assume can also be applied to the new situation.
- 3. When leaders have personal interests at stake which clouds their thinking.
- 4. When leaders have some kind of emotional attachments which unbalance their thinking.

To avoid these situations arising in your own organization, there are four safeguards you should consider putting in place:

- 1. Provide decision makers with better data and insist all decisions should be fact based.
- 2. Encourage group debate about decisions so a leader's personal biases can be countered and balanced.
- 3. Set up a governance team which must independently approve all proposals submitted by the decision team.
- : 4. Monitor and track the progress of the decision record and publicize the actual results of each decision made.

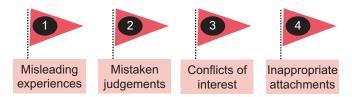
"We believe that it is possible to design some form of safeguard for almost any situation where red flags exist. Of course, we cannot protect all decisions. But careful thought about safeguards can dramatically reduce the number of bad decisions. We are suggesting that decision processes need to be tailored to the red flags that might distort the situation. The elaborate processes that are part of the standard way of making decisions often generate a bureaucratic environment that breeds disrespect for the process. In our view, the standard process should be light, reducing cost and building respect. Safeguards should then be added to the process as needed for particular decisions."

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Experienced people don't usually do very much deliberate analysis of situations at all. Instead, decisions tend to get made on the basis of a mix of intuition, imagination and prior experience. By and large, leaders select a course of action from their memories of past actions and look for a fit by imagining what will happen if those same actions are applied to the current situation. This can be described as a one-plan-at-a-time process rather than a deliberate attempt to evaluate and compare options and then action the best.

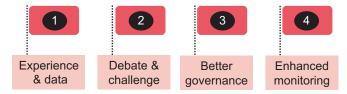
There are four "red flag" conditions where flawed thinking which leads to bad decisions are most likely to happen:



Whenever you notice any of these red flags arising, you should take a breath, step back and take action to make sure your decision does not fall prey to any of these four red flags.

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Four "safeguards" are available which can reduce the risk that red flag flawed thinking conditions will lead to bad decisions getting made. The four safeguards are:



These safeguards act as a counterweight to bad decisions. There is no direct link between any specific red flag condition and a corresponding safeguard. Instead, the most appropriate safeguards should be used whenever and wherever red flag conditions exist.

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